7-page Thesis Summary (prospective, under review)

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- 1 Mandatory TOC's and misc. pages (~20 pages)
- 2 Introduction (totalling 6-7 pages)
- 2.1 Opening Notes...
 - ♦ Medical imaging
 - ♦ Analysis of images
 - ♦ Comparing images
- 2.2 Purpose of Registration
 - ♦ Align images
 - ♦ Analyse change
 - ♦ Make comparisons

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2.3 The Correspondence Problem

- ♦ Align structures
- lacktriangle Compare like-with-like
- ♦ Model structures
- ♦ Explain variation

2.4 Registration and Correspondence

- ♦ Registration leads to correspondence
- ♦ Models require correspondence
- ♦ Models benefit from registration
- Registration can be build models

2.5 Optimal Shapes and Shapes Assessment

- ♦ Idea put in practice before
- ♦ Find corresponding points in contour
- ♦ Identify points of interest
- ♦ Describe shape using points
- ♦ Optimal descriptor of shape

2.6 Aims

2.7 Extending the Existing Framework (shape)

2.8 Assessment of Registration

• Benchmark existing registration methods

2.8.1 Build models

2.8.2 Data-driven analysis

- ♦ Models without human intervention
- ♦ Registration assessment without annotation

2.9 Contributions

- ♦ Rapid evaluation of registrations
- lacktriangle Reason about registration algorithms quality
- Build models automatically
- ♦ Evaluate models
- ♦ Complete framework for autonomous data analysis

2.10 Report Overview (Thesis Organisation)

3 Models (totalling 7-10 pages)

3.1 Statistical Models

3.1.1 Describe variation in data

3.1.2 Rationale:

- ♦ Analysis
- ♦ Synthesis
- **♦** ...

3.2 Shape

3.2.1 Correspondence

- lacktriangle Need corresponding points
- ♦ Vectorisation

3.2.2 PCA

- ♦ The principle
- ♦ Mathematics
- ♦ Issues (e.g. banana-shaped distribution)

3.2.3 Model Construction

- ♦ Relation to PCA
- ♦ Equations

3.2.4 Shape Models (learning)

- ♦ Construction
- ♦ Visualisation

3.3 Appearance models

3.3.1 Intensity Models

- ♦ Construction
- ♦ Visualisation

3.3.2 Combined Models

♦ Formulation

3.4 Active Models and fitting (very brief)

- lacktriangle Matching using synthesis
- ♦ Discrepancy
- Distance from a match (relating to shuffle distance, to be discussed later)

4 MDL Shape Models (totalling 7-12 pages)

4.1 Deformable Models

- \blacklozenge The principle
- ♦ Bending energy
- ♦ Practical example/s

4.2 Shapes and Correspondence

• Example models where correspondenc is bad

4.3 Learning Shapes

- ♦ Principled approach
- ♦ Determinant
- \blacklozenge Minimum description length

4.4 Objective Function and Optimisation

- ♦ Variety of function
- lacktriangle Optimising correspondences
- ♦ Results (visual)

5 Non-rigid Registration (totalling 6-9 pages)

5.1 Warps

- ♦ Rigid, affine, non-rigid
- ♦ Methods (functions, deformation fields, etc.)

5.2 Similarity

- ♦ MSD/SSD
- ♦ Correlation ratio
- ♦ Mutual information
- lacktriangle Model-based to be described

5.3 Group-wise versus Pair-wise

- ♦ Flaws associated with pair-wise
- ♦ Examples/results
- ♦ Previous work on group-wise registration

- 6 Model building introduce and validate before next section (10-20 pages)
- 6.1 3-D Registration Framework (group work)
- 6.2 Automatically Building Appearance Models (group work)
- 6.3 Placeholder for personal extension or contribution to model-building (yet to talk to TFC)
- 7 MDL Appearance Models and Registration (large, fragment it?, 40-50 pages) see subsequent chapters that supersede this one

7.1 Model-based Registration

(get 1-D working better)

- ♦ Data
- ♦ Determinant
- ♦ CPS, warps
- ♦ MDL objective function
- ♦ Experiments
- ♦ Results

7.2 Evaluating Appearance Models

- ♦ Automatic model building revised
- ♦ Synthesis
- ♦ Clouds in space
- ♦ Specificity and Generalisation
- ♦ Euclidean, Shuffle distance
- ♦ Models compared
- ♦ Results

7.3 Evaluating Non-rigid Registration

- ♦ Brain data
- ♦ Perturbation Framework (warps, figures)
- ♦ Overlap Tanimoto and Dice (in brevity)
- ♦ Comparison with Overlap-based Evaluation
- Sensitivity errors in sensitivity too

8 Evaluating Models and Non-Rigid Registration

- 9 Results (Generalisability and Specificity)
- 10 Entropy-Based Meausres for Assessment
- 11 Results (Entropy-based)
- 12 Extending the Method to 3-D
- 13 Future Exploration (3-4 pages)

13.1 Pitfalls

♦ Long to synthesise and compute Sensitivity and Generaliation

13.2 Extending the Scheme

- ♦ Normalisation
- Improving the range of displacements where results can be differentiated
- ♦ Improving sensitivity

14 Summary, Discussion and Conclusions (4-6 pages)

- Building models without human intervenetion
- ♦ Developed a model-based objective function
- ♦ Model evaluation scheme
- ♦ Registration evaluation scheme
- ♦ Group-wise registration better than pair-wise

15 Appendices (10-20 pages)

- ♦ Pertubation
- \bullet Formulation of error bar calculations
- lacktriangleleft Objective function for model-based registration